Example of doing SUSY particle studies with the LCD environment

(Model Line B: -ino Mass Reconstruction)

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The Study:

For Model Line B

 $M_3 = M_2$ (at the "GUT" scale) varies as the dimensionful parameter,

bino mass parameter $M_1 = 1.6 M_2$ (at the GUT scale),

$$m_0 = 0.5 M_2,$$

$$A_0 = 0$$
,

$$tan\beta = 10$$
,

 $\mu > 0$.

[non-universal SUGRA with NUSUG1 option in ISAJET 7.51]

characteristics:

LSP is bino like neutralino - -ino mass diff. very small

reconstruct mass of the chargino and neutralino in

$$\chi^+\chi^- \to W^+\chi^OW^-\chi^O \to qq\chi^O + l\nu\chi^O$$

events using the end-points of the energy or boost distribution of the W reconstructed from the qq jets

two body kinematics of the $\chi^+ \to W^+ \chi^o$ decay implies a box shaped distribution of the W energy with edges at $E_W = \gamma E_W' \pm \beta \gamma p_W'$

 $E'_W = \frac{M_{\chi^+}^2 - M_{\chi^0}^2 + M_W^2}{2M_{\chi^+}}$ is the W energy, and p'_W the momentum in the χ^{\pm} rest

frame and γ and β are of the χ^{\pm} .

(large resolution effects especially important for small mass differences!)

Getting from the Initial to Final State

generally followed recommendations given on distributed CD generated STDHEP files using isajet and pythia started with isajet source and just built it (to avoid installing JAS)

 simulated/reconstructed events using routine based on the provided
 Software/RootApps/HtmlDocs/Examples3.2/root_GoFastMC.C routine

Event selection routines combined with GoFastMC.C

small modifications to write out ROOT classes

.

NoteLselection including jet-finding, jet flow routines etc... all run under ROOT

(note: also ran standalone (C++) and verified results)

• samples analyzed and combined by storing results in ROOT histograms then fitting and combining them using Cint routines

Tools:

- Linux system
- ISAJET 7.51 for signal generation
- LCDROOT V3.2 fast Monte Carlo Signal Simulation
- Pythia for WW and two-photon background simulations
- Root 3.00/Cint/LCDROOT for event selection, distribution generation, event displays

An ISAJET Job

	Ent. 1 CH ()			
	The input file (nusug.input):			
	SAMPLE POLARIZED E+E- NUSUGRA JOB,			
	MODEL LINE B, MHALF=200			
	500.,5000,10,10/			
	E+E-			
	SUGRA			
	100,200,0,10,+1/			
	NUSUG1			
A shell script:	320,200,200/			
ij751 < <td>TMASS</td>	TMASS			
isadecay.dat	175,-1,1/			
nusug.input	EPOL			
10000	9,0./			
nusug.std	JETTYPE1			
/EOF	'W1SS-','W1SS+'/			
	JETTYPE2			
	'W1SS+','W1SS-'/			
	NTRIES			
	10000/			
	EEBEAM			
	400.,500.,.11,.11/			
	END			
	STOP			
	I .			

Model line B points chosen:

m _o (GeV)	M ₁ (GeV)	M _{2,3} (GeV)	A_o	tanβ	μ	chargino (GeV)	neutalino (GeV)
150	480	300	0	10	>0	215.8	182.1
100	320	200	0	10	>0	133.7	117.7

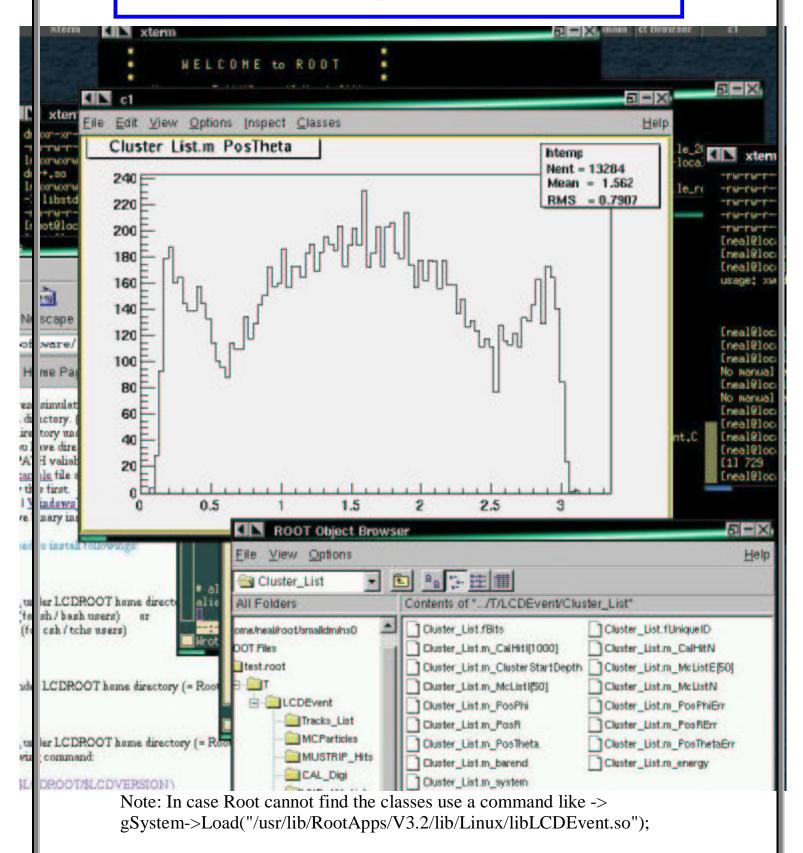
Information provided by ISAJET:

```
************
   ISAJET
             V7.51 10-MAY-2000 20:15:21
   ***************
 SAMPLE POLARIZED E+E- NUSUGRA JOB, MODEL LINE B, MHALF=300
 NUMBER OF JETS TO BE GENERATED PER EVENT
                   AT COM ENERGY
         ON P
                                     0.5000E+03
 NUMBER OF E+E-
                  EVENTS TO BE GENERATED
                                             100
 PRINT A MAXIMUM OF
                      10 EVENTS SKIPPING 10 EVENTS AT A TIME
 RUN ID
             010709
                      142655
JET NO. 2
HEAVY QUARK MASSES = 175.00
                           -1.00
                                     1.00
MSSM MASSES (WITHOUT SIGNS):
             251.509
                                     263.655
                                                             251.509
M(NUEL) =
                        M(EL-
                               ) =
                                                M(NUML) =
M(MUL-) =
             263.655
                        M(NUTL) =
                                     250.499
                                                M(TAU1-) =
                                                             222.833
M(ER-
             231.259
                        M(MUR-) =
                                     231.259
                                                M(TAU2-) =
                                                             267.957
      ) =
M(GLSS) =
             708.501
                                                M(Z2SS) =
                        M(Z1SS) =
                                     182.132
                                                             217.581
M(Z3SS) =
             403.634
                        M(Z4SS) =
                                     423.670
                                                M(W1SS+) =
                                                             215.801
                                     114.700
                                                M(HHO) =
                                                             465.110
M(W2SS+) =
             422.818
                        M(HLO) =
                              ) =
                                     471.582
M(HAO) =
             464.265
                        M(H+
DETERMINED FROM SUGRA INPUT:
M 0
            150.000
                     \mathbf{M}_{-}(1/2) =
                                 300.000
                                          A 0 =
                                                   0.000
TAN(BETA) =
             10.0000
                      SGN(MU) =
                                 1.0
```

(note: non essential lines removed)

Root permited immediate ability to check simulated events

(just open the root file produced by the FastMC and use Tbrowser b command to explore variables with a few clicks)



- H.Neal

Event Simulation was Simple

Used the GoFastMC.C example from the CD

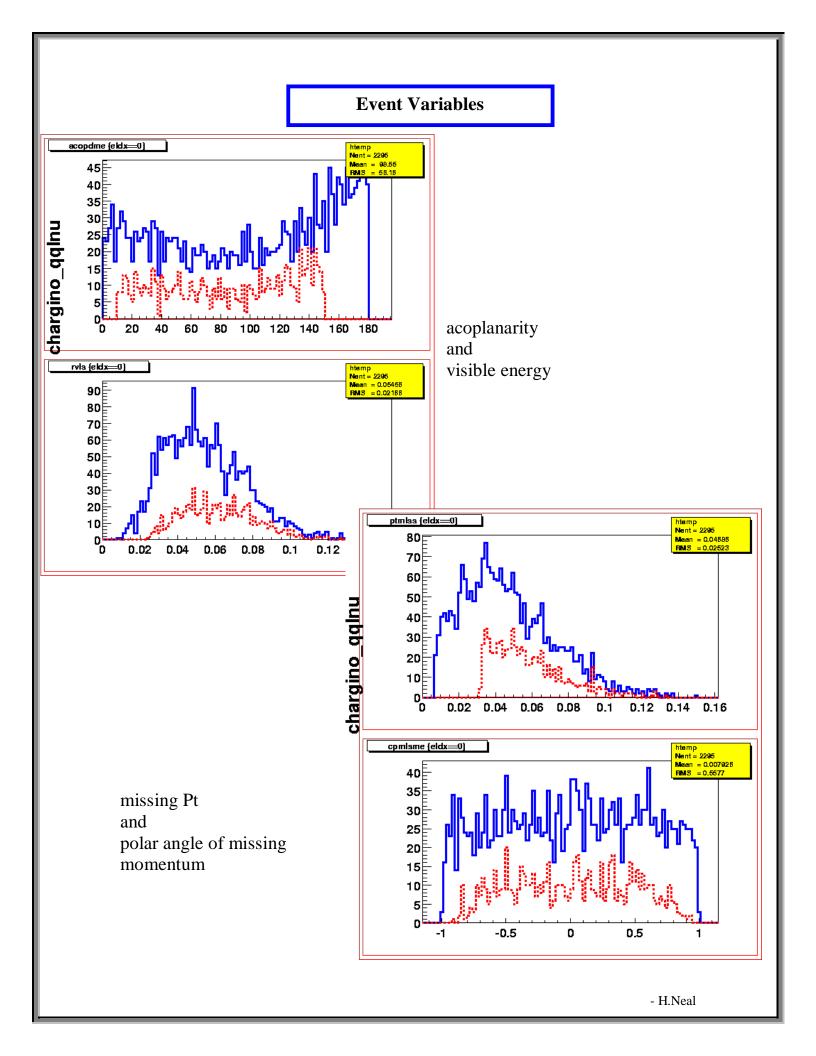
Detector Model easily switched by changing two lines

```
// Open detector parameter file
   Char_t* geomFile =
   "Silicon.par"; //Silicon
// "Large.par"; // Large
// "Small.par"; // Small

// Tracking smearing parameter file
   Char_t* smearFile =
    "lookup_silicon.nobmcon";
// "lookup_large.nobmcon";
// "lookup_small.nobmcon";
```

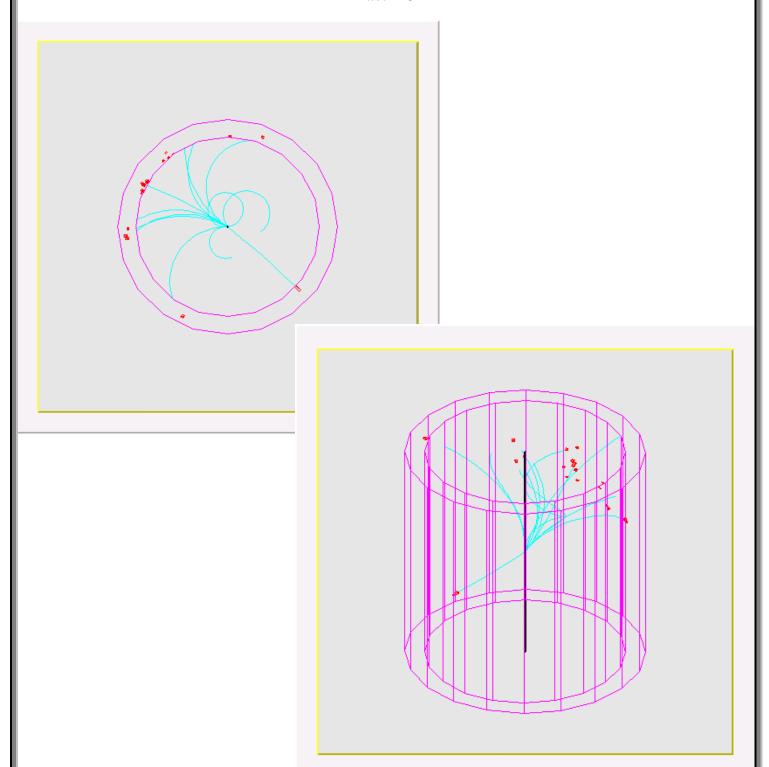
Wrote output (simulated events) to Root file and directly analyzed using classes created by the FastMC.

Could equally as well just run analysis on the Root output.

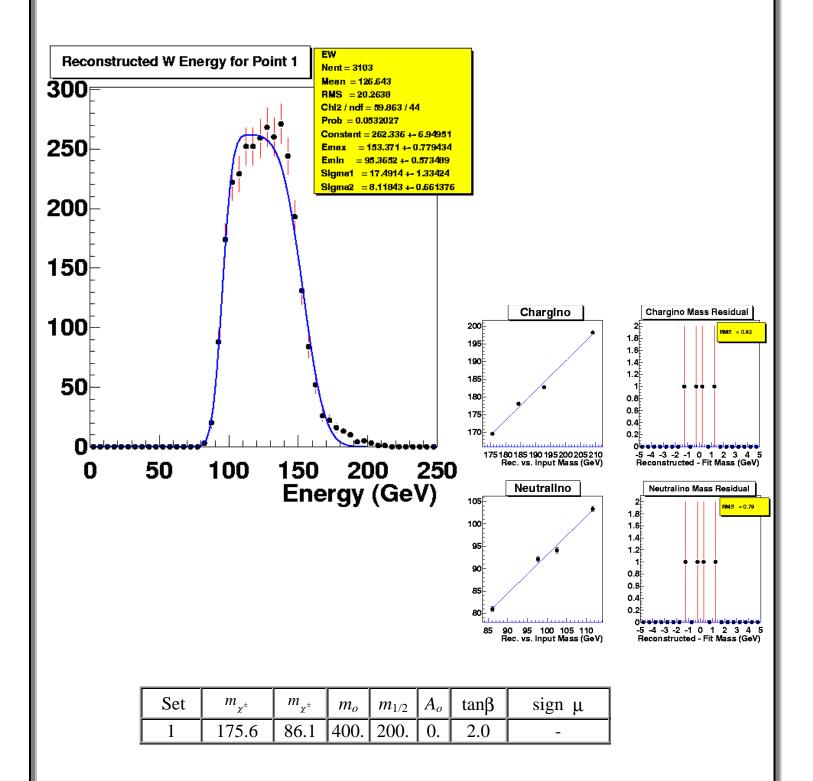


Event Displaying was Simple

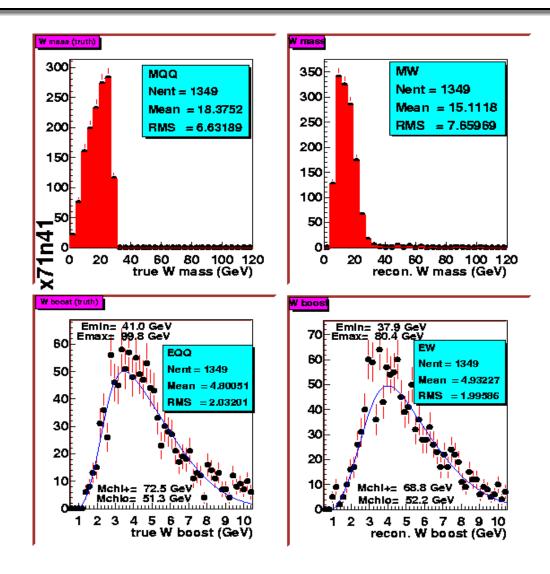
Using root_EventDisp.C on the CD and the root file produced by the FastMC



An Easy Case (large mass difference):



life not so easy for small mass differences →



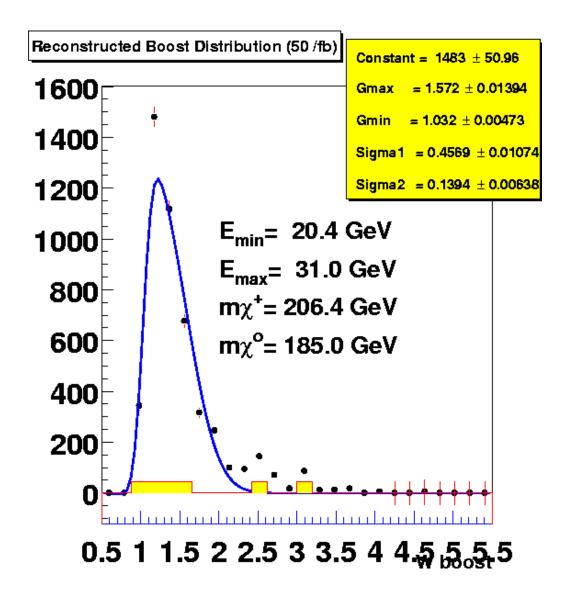
Analysis reformulated in terms of the minimum and maximum observed boost which results in many of the detector uncertainties canceling out

$$m_{\chi^{\pm}} = \sqrt{\frac{(1 + \gamma_{\text{max}} * \gamma_{\text{min}}) - \sqrt{(1 - \gamma_{\text{max}})^{2} \times (1 - \gamma_{\text{min}})^{2}}}{2(\gamma_{\text{max}} + \gamma_{\text{min}})^{2} / E_{COM}^{2}}}$$

Set	$m_{\chi^{\pm}}$	$m_{\chi^{\pm}}$	m_o	$m_{1/2}$	A_o	tanβ	sign μ
1	74.8	43.1	150	120	350	35	+
2	70.7	40.8	140	115	350	35	+
3	58.4	33.8	150	100	350	35	+
4	37.0	20.8	500	60	350	35	+

Some Results Already...

(for Model Line B points)



Expected: $m\chi^{+}=215$ GeV and $m\chi^{o}=182$ GeV

Can be calibrated

(from nothing to this point took several days using the LCD software)

As Easy As ...

(from the LCD CD)

- <u>ROOT</u>: We need version 3.00.06.
 This CD has tar.gz files for [<u>Linux (Redhat6.1 glibc2.1 egcs1.1.2)</u>]
 Windows], or download from ROOT page.
- •Just unpack them where you like. The directory you install becomes ROOTSYS.
- <u>LCDROOT</u>: This is the main program for event simulation/analysis. This CD has LCDROOT V3.2.
 - Setup 1 Make your LCDROOT home directory. (= RootApps or so.)
 - Setup 2 Make your LCDVERSION directory under the above directory. (=V3.2)

Note:: After doing Setup 1 & 2, you have directory tree like : RootApps/V3.2

- Setup 3 Setting the ROOTSYS and PATH valiables for [sh/bash | csh/tcsh | Windows] users.
- Setup 4 Copy the following <u>rootre_example</u> file as .rootre in your home directory.
- Binary installation ... You should try this first.
 Copy and unpack tar.gz file[<u>Linux</u> | <u>Windows</u>] under V3.2 directory.
- LCDROOT Event classes structure (V3.2)
- Example Event Generation/Analysis Files (These files are in the Examples directory)

Summary Report

Thanks to the efforts of many people

Peter Armstrong	Dan Flath	Michael Peskin
Joanne R. Bogart	Ray Frey	Michael Ronan
Gary Bower	David Gerdes	Bruce Schumm
Toby Burnett	Jeff Gronberg	Rick Van Kooten
Ron E Cassell	Jeremy Martin Hill	Tony Waite
Richard Dubois	Masako Iwasaki	Wolfgang Walkowiak
	Tony Johnson	Haijun Yang

the LCD simulation is a viable tool for performing future linear collider studies on reasonable time scales

The essential tools are present as well as relevant examples that make getting started fairly easy.

The Root based system is comfortable for those of us already using Root

The JAVA system is supposed to be at least as easy to use.

In order to make comparisons, a TESLA detector model for the LCD simulation should be added.

Experts on Call:

Norman Graf (ngraf@slac.stanford.edu) - Event Generation, Analysis.

Tony Johnson (tonyj@slac.stanford.edu) - JAS, LCD utilities and Infrastructure, WIRED.

Gary Bower (grb@slac.stanford.edu) - Jet Finding, Event Generators, Analysis.

Wolfgang Walkowiak (walkowia@slac.stanford.edu) - MCFast, ZVTop (Vertexing), WIRED.

Mike Ronan (ronan@lbl.gov) - Track Reconstruction, JAS, Analysis.

Masako Iwasaki(masako@slac.stanford.edu) - pandora-pythia, LCDROOT, Analysis

Toshi Abe(toshi@slac.stanford.edu) - LCDROOT, Analysis

Bob Wilson (wilson@lamar.colostate.edu) - Particle ID, JAS

Ron Cassell (cassell@slac.stanford.edu) - GISMO, LCD Utilities